WELCOME TO THE 2024 PORT SYMPOSIUM

Brown County Executive Troy Streckenbach

Cat Island Habitat Projects



CAT ISLAND RESTORATION PROJECT

- The Cat Island Chain project developed out of the 1988 Lower Green Bay Remedial Action Plan (RAP) and was the top priority project for habitat restoration.
- Partnership between Brown County, WDNR, WDOT, US Fish & Wildlife Service, US Army Corps of Engineers, USEPA, UW-Sea Grant, UW-Green Bay, Port Operators and the Fox River Group of paper mills.
- A Piping Plover was successfully bred on the westernmost island in 2016 and 2017, the first local breeding in over 75 years. They are a federally endangered species.
- Last July, the US Fish & Wildlife Service released four 28-day-old captive-reared Great Lakes Piping Plover chicks at the Cat Island Restoration Site. It's the first release in Wisconsin history.

WEST SHORE PIKE HABITAT PROJECT

- Located along the west shore of Southern Green Bay, the Suamico/Little Suamico River watersheds have some of the most productive wetlands remaining in the Great Lakes system.
- The scarcity of top predator species such as Northern Pike, which helps control predators of desirable fish species, has been recognized as a significant problem in the waters of Green Bay.
- Since 2007, Brown County's Land & Water Conservation Department has helped restore 49 wetland acres, added 72 acres of riparian buffers, removed 20 stream impediments, and opened 93 miles of stream for fish passage.
- Northern Pike's ability to spawn leads to increase in recreational opportunities at a world-class fishery. A study from UW-Whitewater puts the region's annual economic impact at \$264.3 million from recreational sport fishing.





- To date, Brown County has secured \$17.1 million in state grants, \$10.2 million from a federal grant, along with committing \$3.9 million for this generational project.
- Brown County and the City of Green Bay are working together on securing funding to cover the approximately \$22 million shortfall in project costs due to inflation.
- The redevelopment of this strategic site for active Port uses is expected to generate an \$87 million economic impact in the first 5 years.
- It will also allow for the City of Green Bay to redevelop downtown riverfront property so it can be revitalized as a multi-use public destination.

FORMER PULLIAM PLANT SITE



Figure 4-1. Three-dimensional artistic rendering of Renard Island Strategic Master Plan, looking west

NERR VISITOR CENTER DEVELOPMENT

Work continues in developing a Public-Private partnership to locate the future visitor center for the National Estuary Research Reserve (NERR) here in Brown County.

One of the main overarching themes identified in the Renard Island Strategic Master Plan (2019) is to create, "**New pedestrian pathways will extend the length of Green Bay's waterfront, linking UWGB to the river and downtown with Renard Island becoming the new centerpiece of Green Bay's new waterfront.**"

The NERR designation allows for intensive research into protecting and maintaining the Bay of Green Bay, allowing our vital Port businesses to freely move through without limitations on passage.